

SF - 485

Total No. of Pages : 3

Seat No.	
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T. E. (IT) (Part -I) (Semester - V) Examination, November - 2017

COMPUTER ALGORITHMS

Sub. Code : 66302

Day and Date : Tuesday, 14 - 11 - 2017

Total Marks : 100

Time : 10.00 a.m. to 01.00 p.m.

- Instructions :**
- 1) All questions are compulsory.
 - 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
 - 3) Assume suitable data wherever necessary.

Q1) Attempt any two questions.

- a) Explain space and time complexity of algorithms with suitable examples. [8]
- b) How performance of algorithms is measured? [8]
- c) Explain Las Vegas and Monte Carlo randomized algorithms with suitable example. [8]

Q2) Attempt any two questions.

- a) Solve the following recurrence relation for the choices of a, b and f(n) [8]

$$T(n) = \begin{cases} T(1) & n=1 \\ aT\left(\frac{n}{b}\right) + f(n) & n > 1 \end{cases}$$

- i) a = 2, b = 2, and f(n) = cn
- ii) a = 9, b = 3, and f(n) = 4n⁶
- b) Device a ternary search algorithm that first tests the element at position n/3 for some equality with some value x, and then checks the element at position 2n/3 and either discovers x or reduces the set size to one-third the size of the original. Compare this with the binary search. [8]
- c) Explain selection algorithm with suitable example. [8]

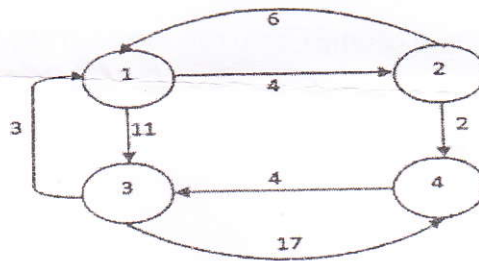
P.T.O.

3) Attempt any two questions.

- What is the solution generated by Greedy solution to job sequencing with deadlines problem when $n = 7$, $(P_1, P_2, P_3, P_4, P_5, P_6, P_7) = (3, 5, 20, 18, 1, 6, 30)$, $(d_1, d_2, d_3, d_4, d_5, d_6, d_7) = (1, 3, 4, 3, 2, 1, 2)$. [8]
- Obtain a set of optimal Huffman codes for the messages (M_1, \dots, M_{10}) with relative frequencies $(q_1, \dots, q_{10}) = (28, 32, 12, 5, 84, 53, 91, 35, 3, 11)$. [8]
- Explain Greedy solution to single source shortest path problem with suitable example. [8]

4) Attempt any two questions.

- For the following graphs find solution to all pair shortest path problem using dynamic programming. [10]



- Use dynamic programming solution to compute $w(i,j)$, $r(i,j)$, and $c(i,j)$, $0 \leq i < j \leq 4$, for the identifier set $(a_1, a_2, a_3, a_4) = (\text{do}, \text{float}, \text{if}, \text{while})$ with $p(1) = 4$, $p(2) = 1$, $p(3) = 2$, $p(4) = 1$, $q(0) = 4$, $q(i) = 4$, $q(2) = 2$, $q(3) = 1$, and $q(4) = 1$. Using the $r(i,j)$'s, construct the optimal binary search tree. [10]
- Obtain solution to reliability design problem using dynamic programming approach for three stage system with device types D1, D2, and D3. The costs are \$25, \$20, and \$20, respectively. The cost of the system is to be no more than \$105. the reliability of each device type is 0.8, 0.9 and 0.6 respectively. [10]

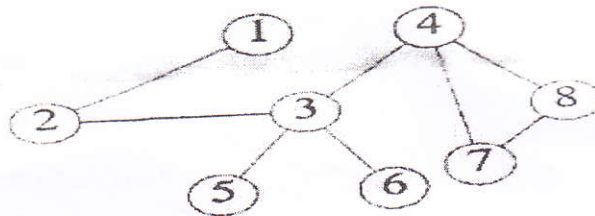
Handwritten calculations in red ink:

$$\begin{array}{r} 26 \\ 11 \\ \hline 37 \\ 59 \\ \hline 6 \end{array}$$

Handwritten mark: 53

5) Attempt any two questions.

- a) Explain Depth First Search (DFS) with suitable example. [8]
- b) What is an articulation point? What is biconnected graph? How to construct biconnected graph from non biconnected graph? [8]
- c) For the following graphs identify the articulation points using DFS spanning tree. [8]



26) Attempt any two questions.

- a) Explain backtracking solution to sum of subset problem. [8]
- b) Explain backtracking solution to Graph colouring problem. [8]
- c) List and explain NP-hard graph problems. [8]

3, 5, 11, 12, 28, 32, 35, 53, 84, 91

8

12, 19, 28, 32, 35, 53, 84, 91

31

28, 31, 32, 35, 53, 84, 91

32, 35, 53, 59, 84, 91

53, 59, 67, 84, 91

112

67, 84, 91, 112

